

Construction of LES model for high Mach number multiphase flow based on DNS analysis

Report Number: R18EACA11

Subject Category: JSS2 Inter-University Research

URL: <https://www.jss.jaxa.jp/en/ar/e2018/9091/>**● Responsible Representative**

Kota Fukuda, Associate Professor, Tokai University

● Contact Information

Kota Fukuda, Associate Professor, Tokai University (fukuda@tokai-u.jp)

● Members

Kota Fukuda, Taku Nonomura

● Abstract

In order to construct LES model for high Mach number multi-phase turbulent flow, direct numerical simulation (DNS) of high Mach number and low Reynolds number flow around a particle will be carried out and construction of its data base and examination of the flow phenomena will be conducted.

● Reasons for using JSS2

In this project, direct numerical simulation (DNS) of high Mach number and low Reynolds number flow around a particle and construction of the data base will be carried out using a boundary-fitted coordinate system. Large scale numerical simulation is essential to construct the data base.

● Achievements of the Year

The compressibility effect on vortex shedding and lift forces by rotation were investigated by performing DNS of the flow over a rotating sphere. In addition, the flow regime and other basic flow properties of a stationary sphere in transonic flows up to a Reynolds number of 1,000 were examined by DNS.

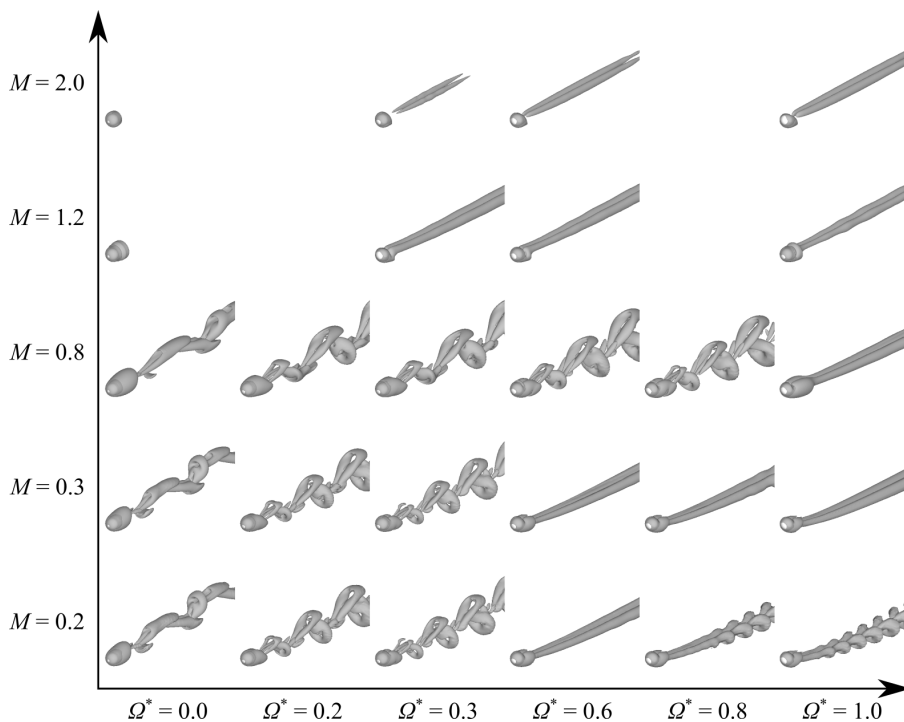


Fig. 1: Mach number and non-dimensional rotation rate effects on the wake structure of rotating sphere

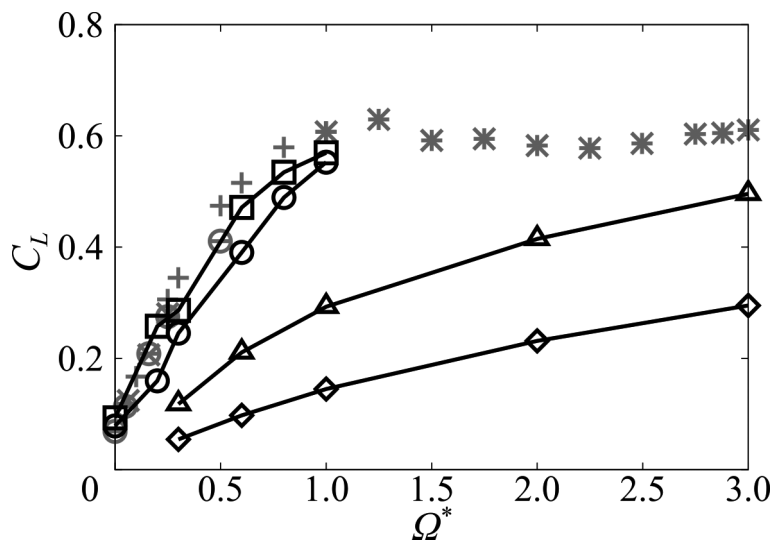


Fig. 2: Time-averaged lift coefficient of the rotating sphere

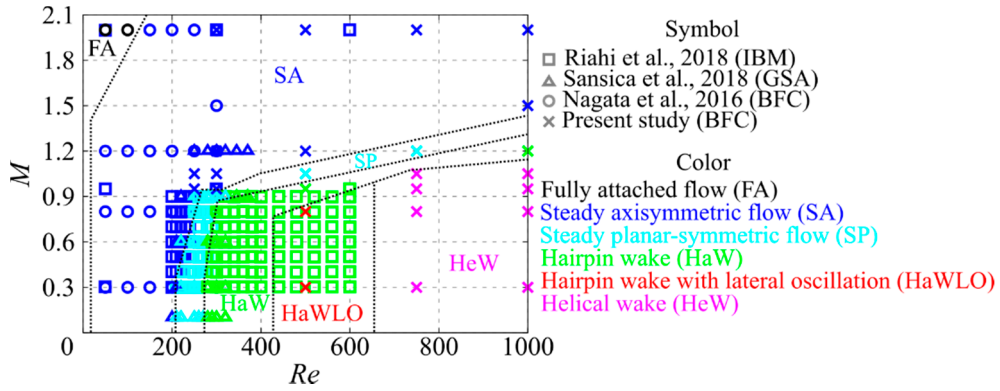


Fig. 3: The map of flow regime of stationary sphere at the compressible low-Reynolds number flow

● **Publications**

- Peer-reviewed papers

Nagata, T., Nonomura, T., Takahashi, S., Mizuno, Y., and Fukuda, K., “Direct Numerical Simulation of Flow past a Transversely Rotating Sphere up to a Reynolds Number of 300 in Compressible Flow,” Journal of Fluid Mechanics, Vol. 857, December, 2018, pp. 878-906.

- Oral Presentations

Nagata, T., Nonomura, T., Yoshida, M., Takahashi, S., and Fukuda, K., “Analysis of aerodynamic coefficient and wake of a small particle in compressible flow at particle Reynolds number 50-1000 using DNS database,” 32nd Symposium on Computational Fluid Dynamics, Tokyo, December, 2018.

● **Usage of JSS2**

● **Computational Information**

Process Parallelization Methods	MPI
Thread Parallelization Methods	OpenMP
Number of Processes	16 - 289
Elapsed Time per Case	100 Hour (s)

● **Resources Used**

Fraction of Usage in Total Resources*1 (%): 0.34

Details

Computational Resources		
System Name	Amount of Core Time (core x hours)	Fraction of Usage*2 (%)
SORA-MA	3,044,531.35	0.37
SORA-PP	0.00	0.00
SORA-LM	0.00	0.00
SORA-TPP	0.00	0.00

File System Resources		
File System Name	Storage Assigned (GiB)	Fraction of Usage*2 (%)
/home	37.59	0.04
/data	19,647.94	0.35
/ltmp	2,068.02	0.18

Archiver Resources		
Archiver Name	Storage Used (TiB)	Fraction of Usage*2 (%)
J-SPACE	16.35	0.57

*1: Fraction of Usage in Total Resources: Weighted average of three resource types (Computing, File System, and Archiver).

*2: Fraction of Usage: Percentage of usage relative to each resource used in one year.